

zonodits

W E B I N A R S E R I E S

THE ENERGY EFFICIENCY OPPORTUNITY
FOR INDOOR AGRICULTURE

June 17, 2020

zonodits

W E B I N A R S E R I E S

THE ENERGY EFFICIENCY OPPORTUNITY
FOR INDOOR AGRICULTURE

30

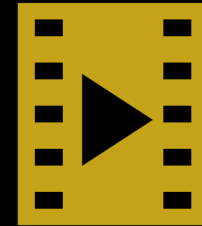
HOUSEKEEPING



We will respond to **questions** after the presentation in Q&A



You'll get the **slides** via email after the webinar



You'll get a **recording** of the webinar within 24h



AMANDA GASSÉ
ZONDITS CONTENT MANAGER



amanda@zondits.com



<https://www.linkedin.com/in/amandagasse/>



www.zondits.com



NICK COLLINS
ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR



ncollins@ers-inc.com



<https://www.linkedin.com/in/nick-collins-pe-99580311/>



www.ers-inc.com



THE ENERGY EFFICIENCY OPPORTUNITY FOR INDOOR AGRICULTURE

Horticultural Lighting

Nick Collins, PE
ERS

ers



AGENDA

1

Introduction

2

Horticultural Process Overview

3

Horticultural Lighting

4

LED Impacts on Growing



HORTICULTURAL PROCESS OVERVIEW

- Plant Requirements
- Energy Consumption

IT'S A PLANT

What drives production?



Light



Environmental conditions



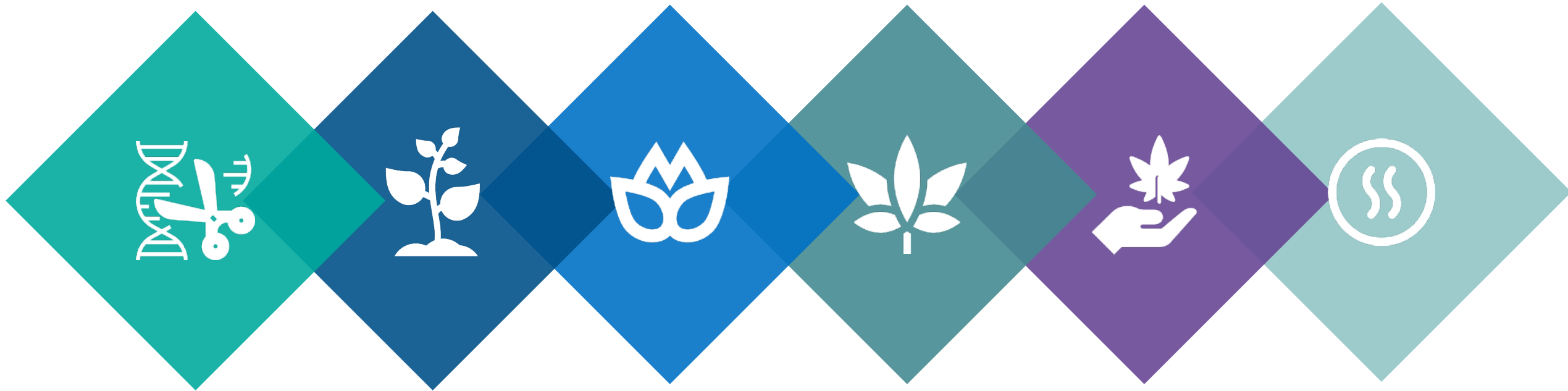
Water



Nutrients and CO₂



GROW CYCLE



Germination
or cloning

Seedlings

Vegetative

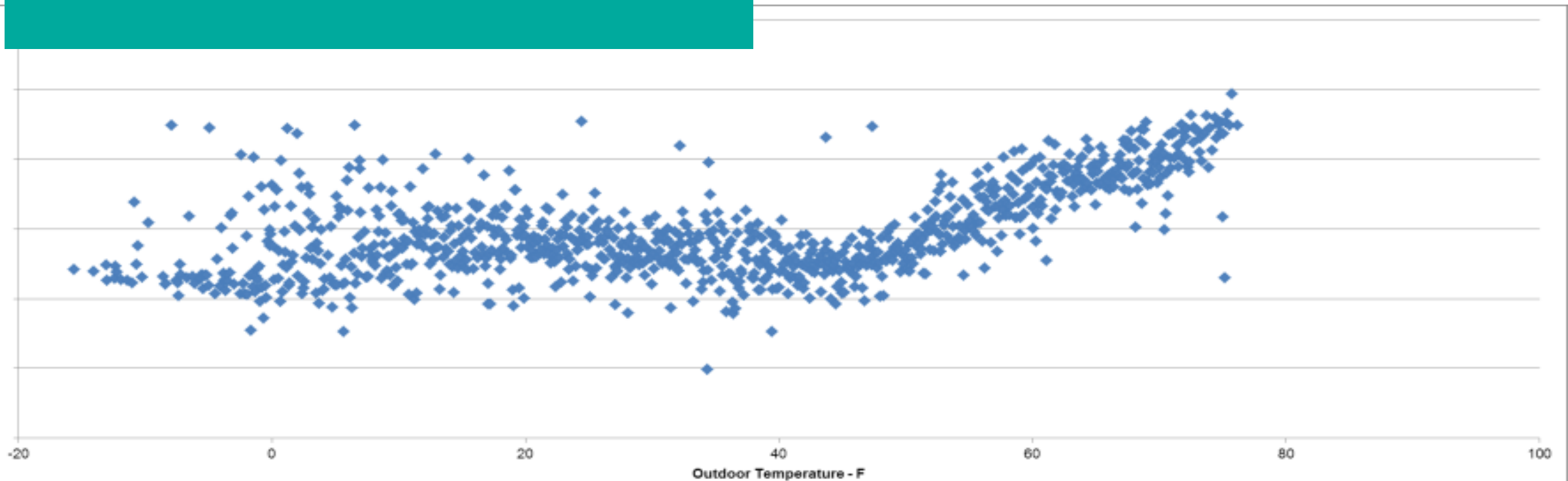
Flowering/
Fruiting

Harvest

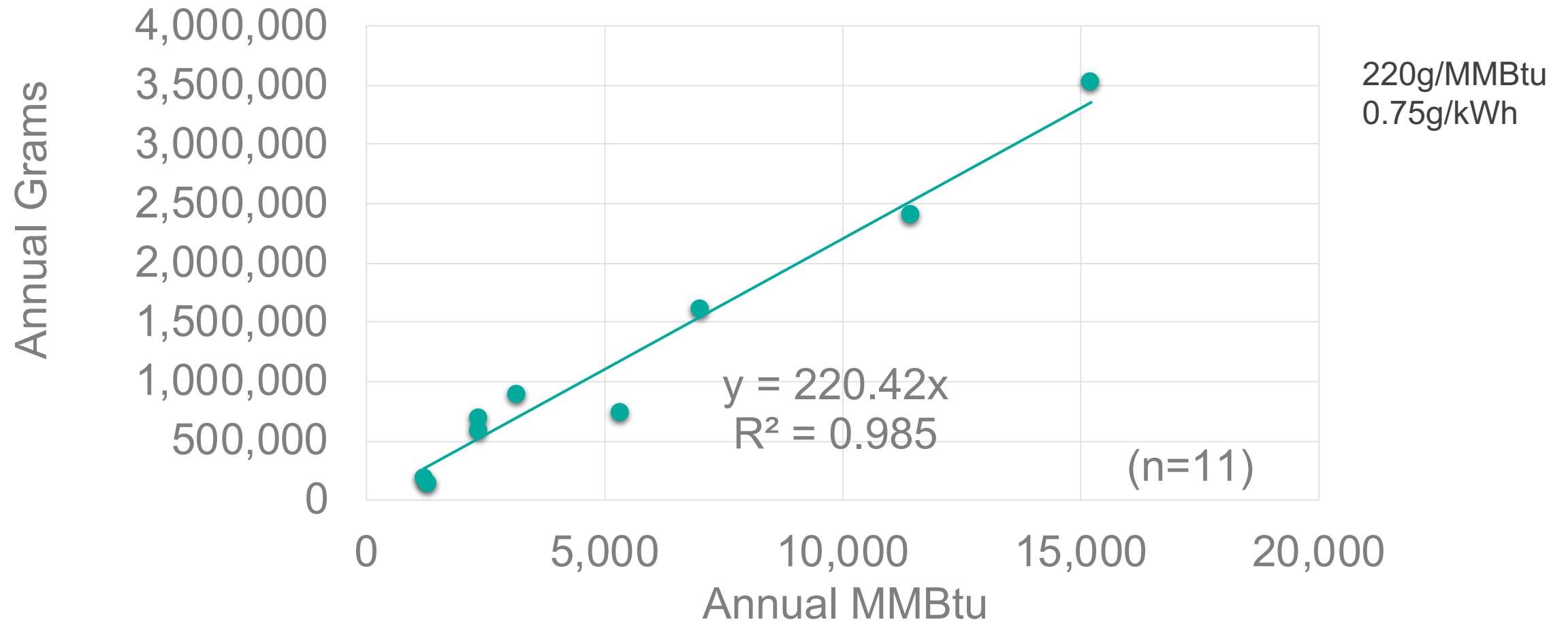
Processing

ENERGY CONSUMPTION

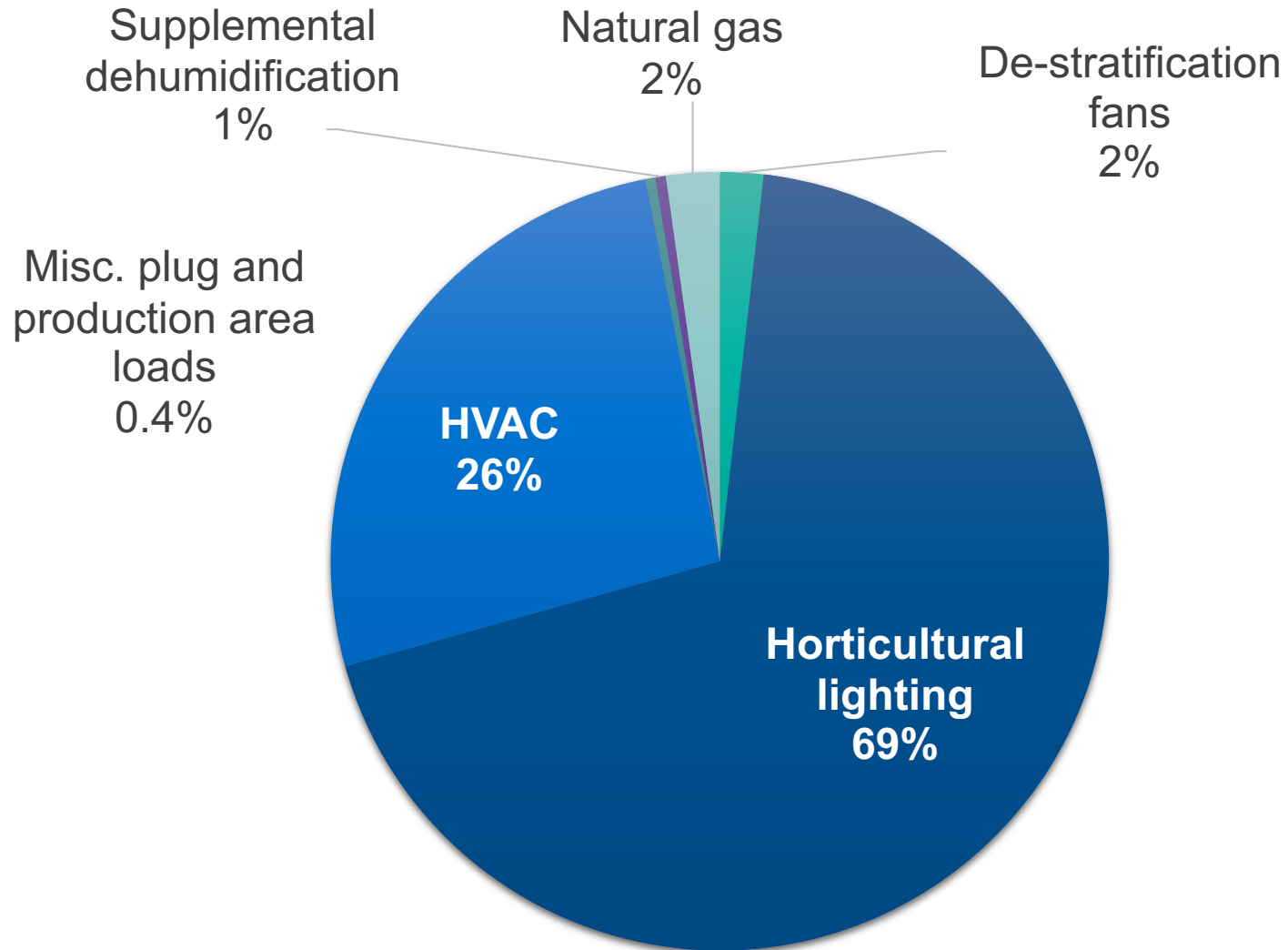
- End Uses
- Load Shapes



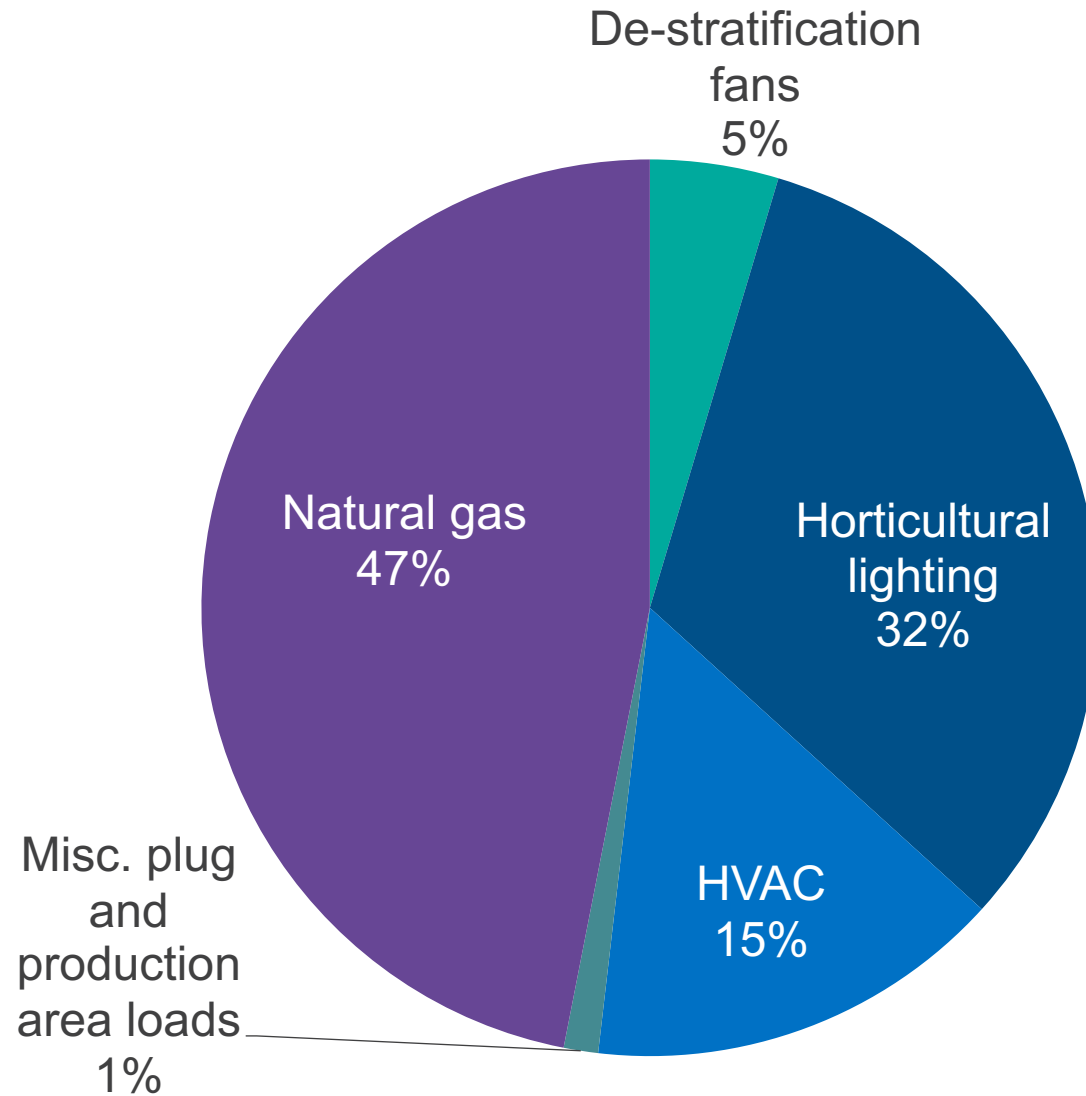
CANNABIS ENERGY INTENSITY



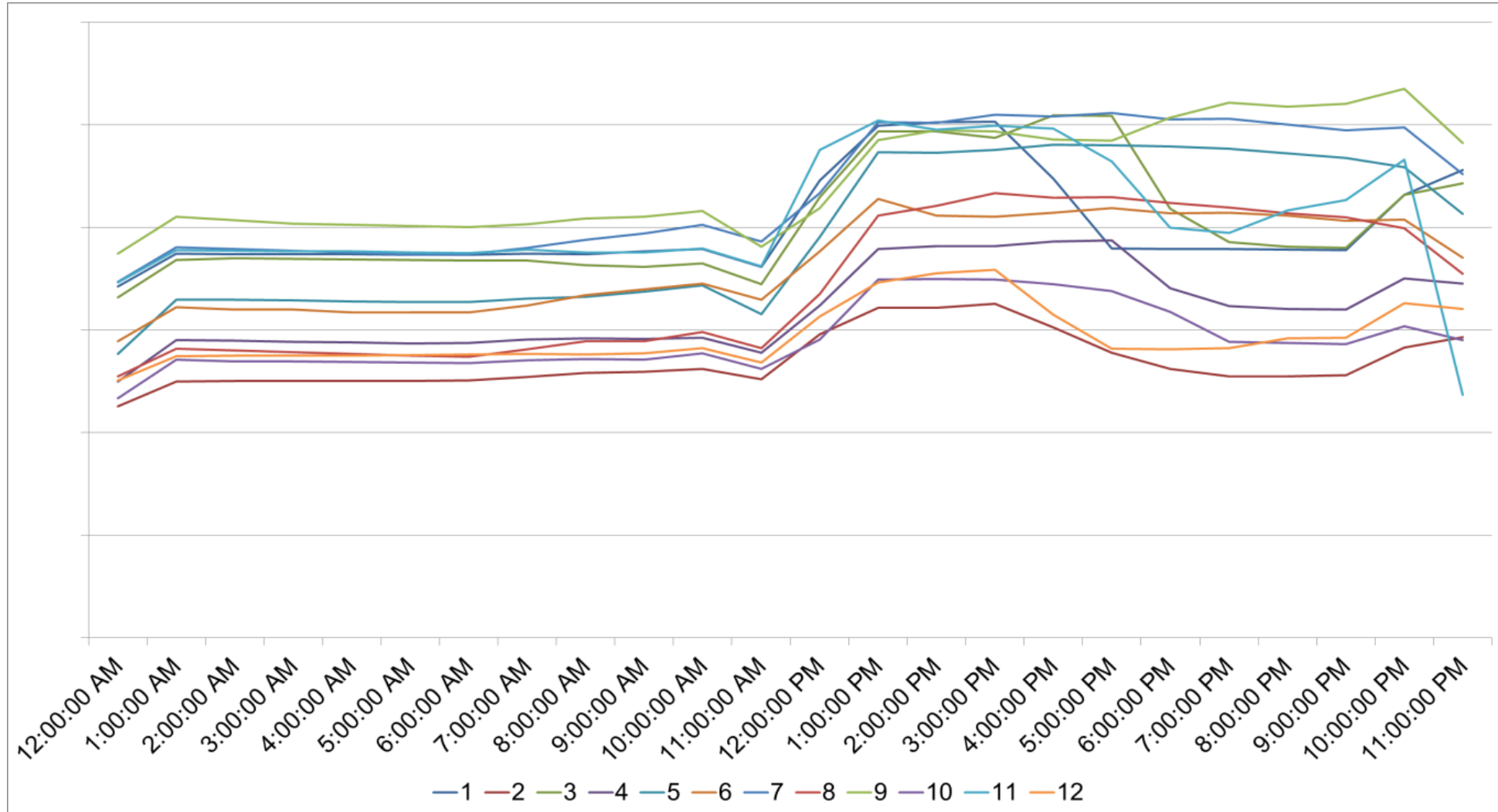
END USES – INDOOR



END USES – GREENHOUSE

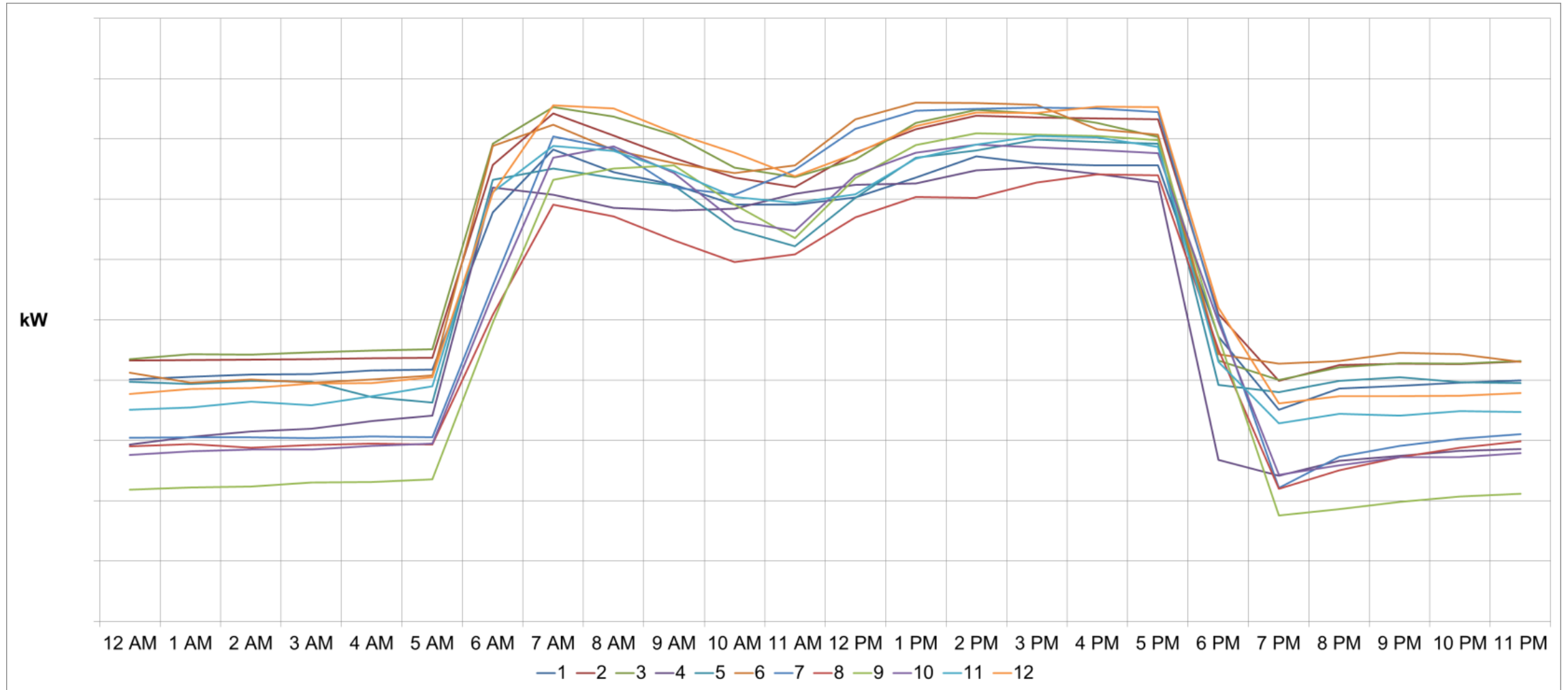


LOAD SHAPES

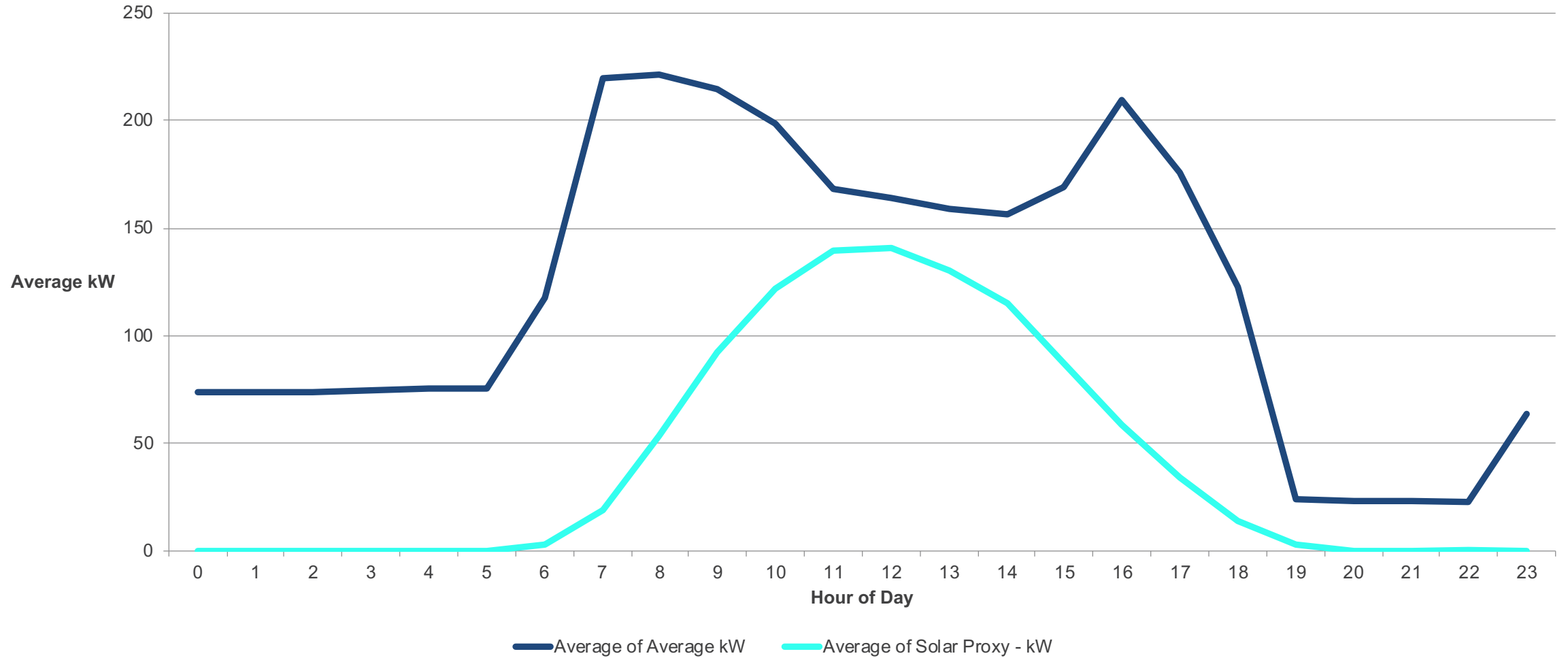


Opposing Flower Rooms

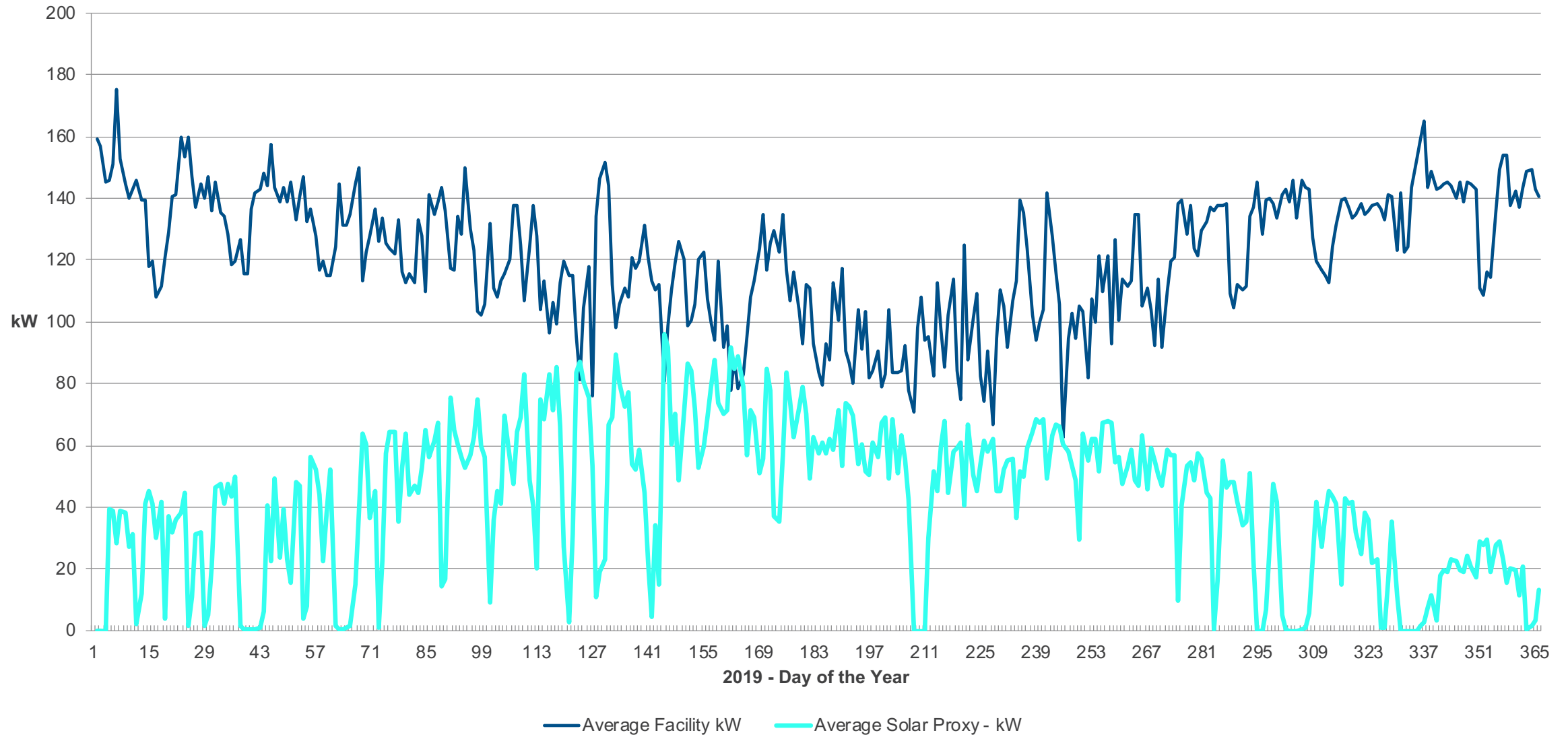
LOAD SHAPES



LOAD SHAPES



LOAD SHAPES



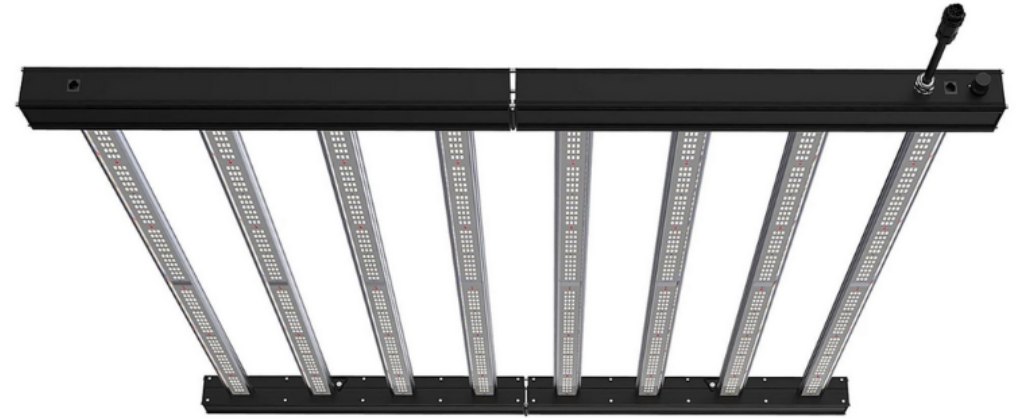
Greenhouse



HORTICULTURAL LIGHTING

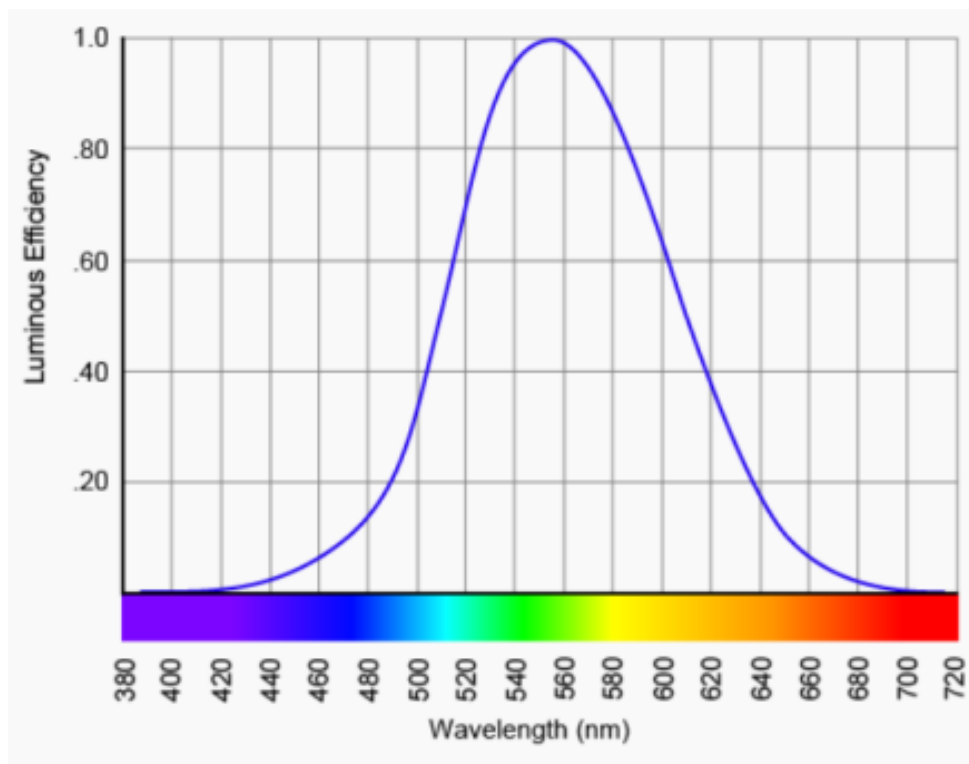
- Technologies
- Metrics
 - PAR
 - PPF
 - PPFD
 - PPE

LIGHTING TECHNOLOGIES



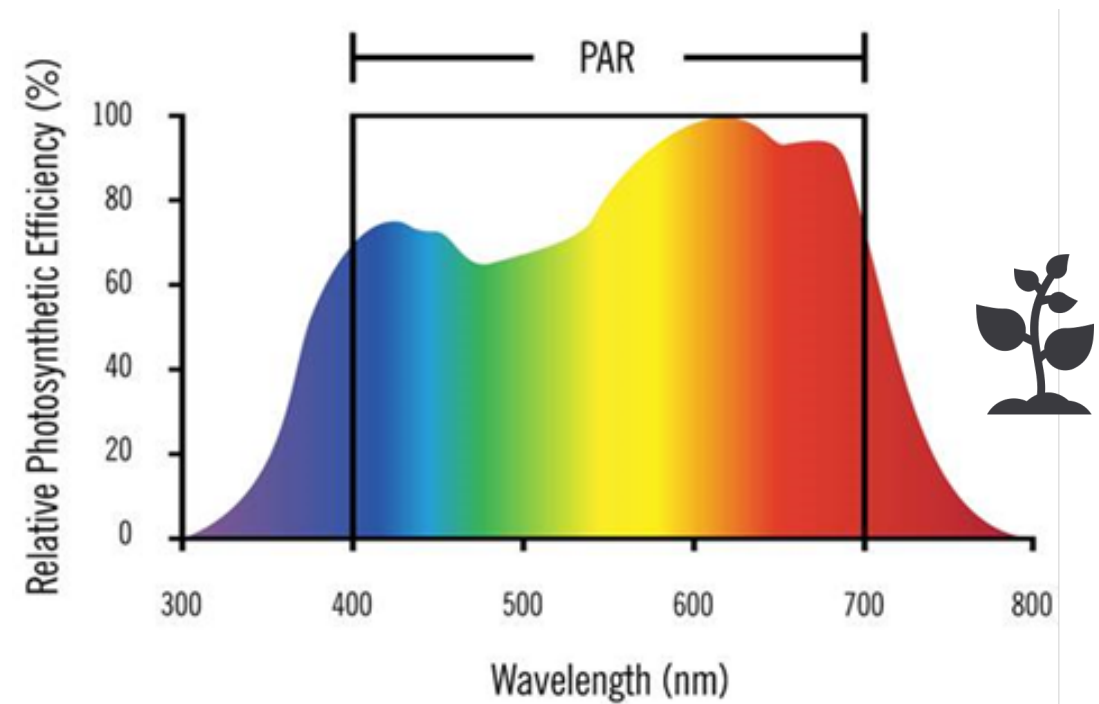
HORTICULTURAL LIGHTING METRICS

Visible light (400 nm to 700)



Visible light is weighted

PAR – Photosynthetic active radiation (400 nm to 700 nm)



PAR is not typically weighted

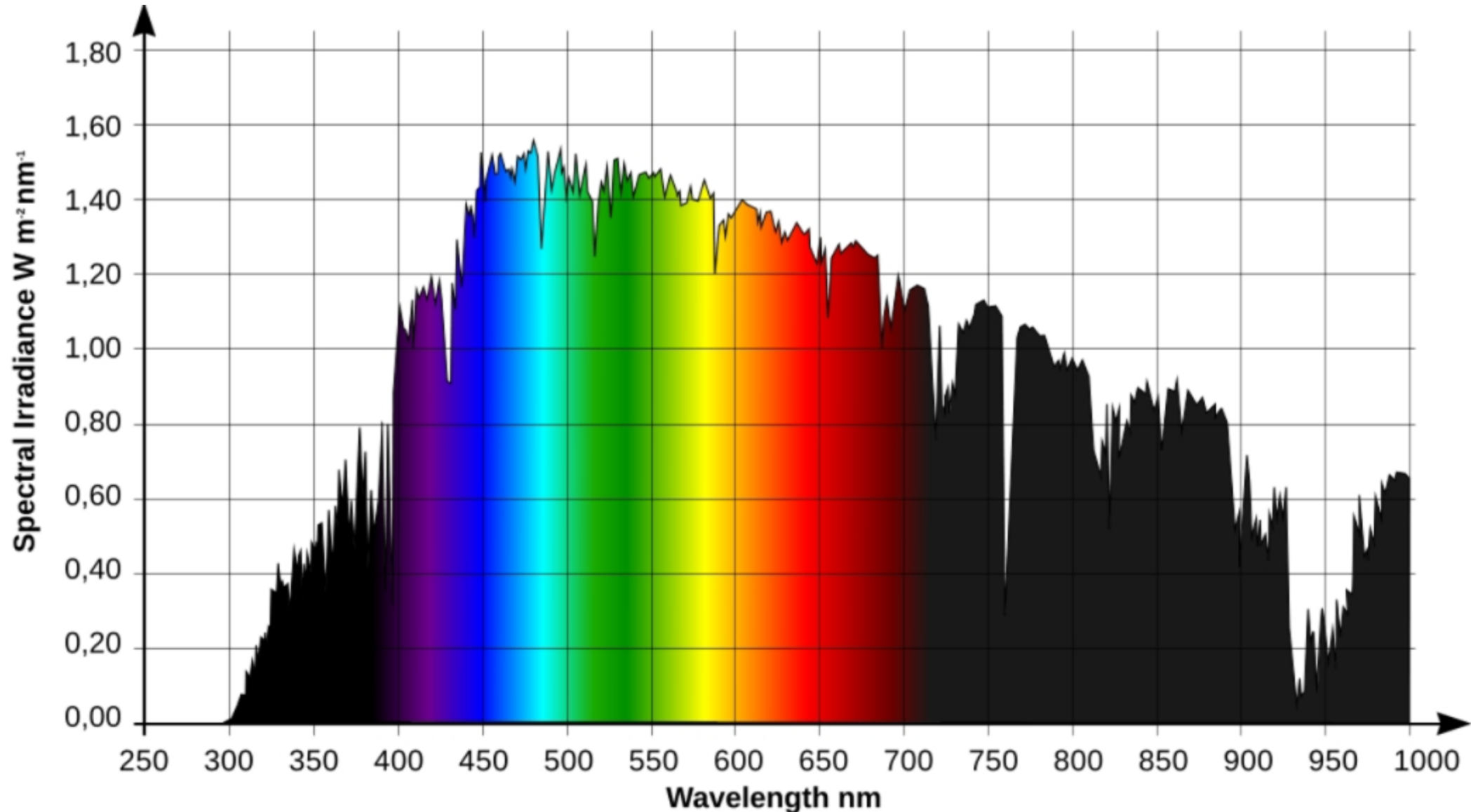
HORTICULTURAL LIGHTING METRICS



Property	Visible Light Spectrum	PAR Spectrum
Fixture Output (photons)	Lumens	PPF – Photosynthetic photon flux ($\mu\text{Mol/s}$) 400-700nm
Light Intensity (photons per area)	Footcandles or Lux	PPFD – Photosynthetic photon flux density ($\mu\text{Mol/s/m}^2$)
Efficacy (photons per input power)	Lumens/Watt	PPE – Photosynthetic photon flux efficacy ($\mu\text{Mol/J}$)

Bad slang: micromoles

COMPARISON OF SPECTRUM OUTPUT: DAYLIGHT

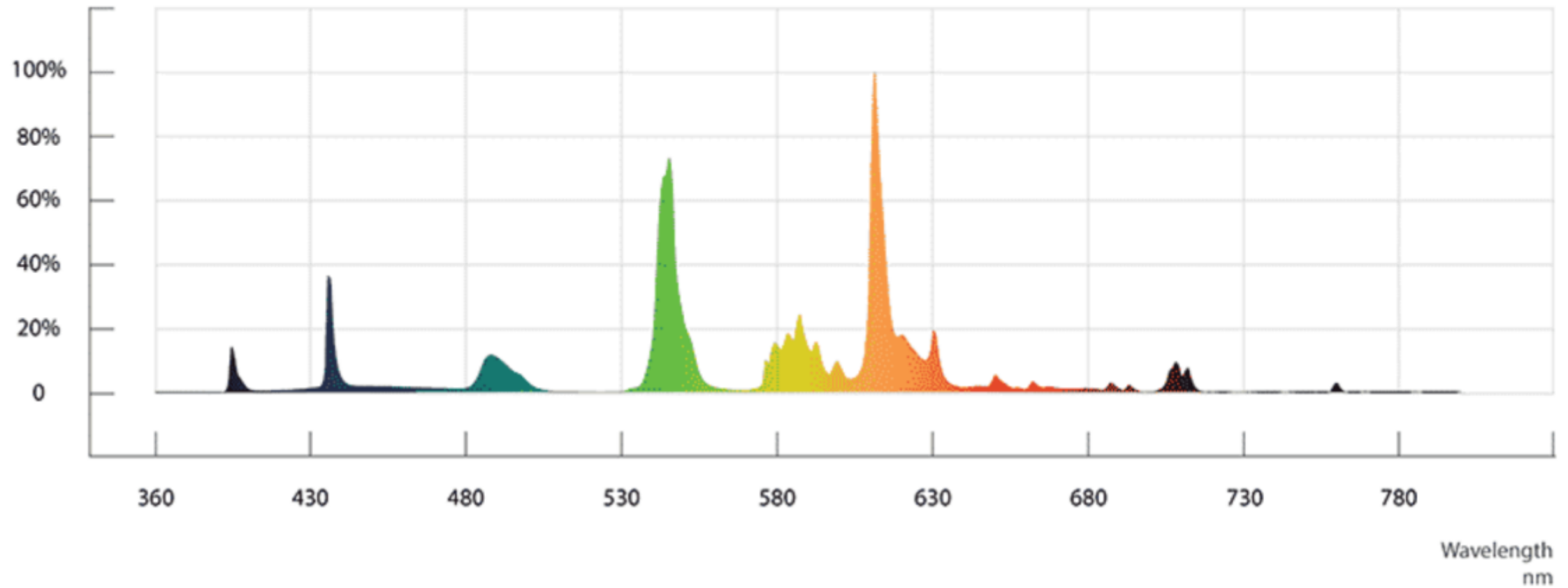


COMPARISON OF PHOTOMETRIC OUTPUT: FLUORESCENT

SPECTRAL POWER DISTRIBUTION CHART
T5 Fluorescent



Measurements of Normalized
Photosynthetic Photon Flux

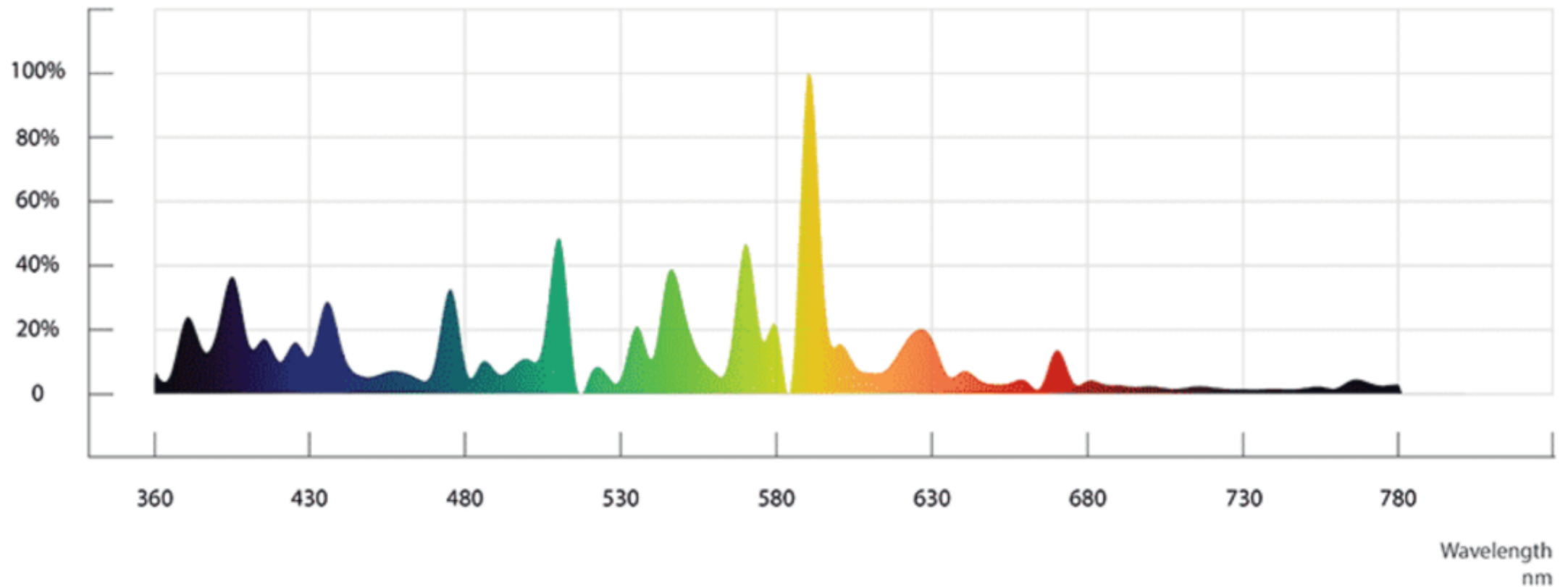


COMPARISON OF PHOTOMETRIC OUTPUT: MH

SPECTRAL POWER DISTRIBUTION CHART
Metal Halide



Measurements of Normalized
Photosynthetic Photon Flux

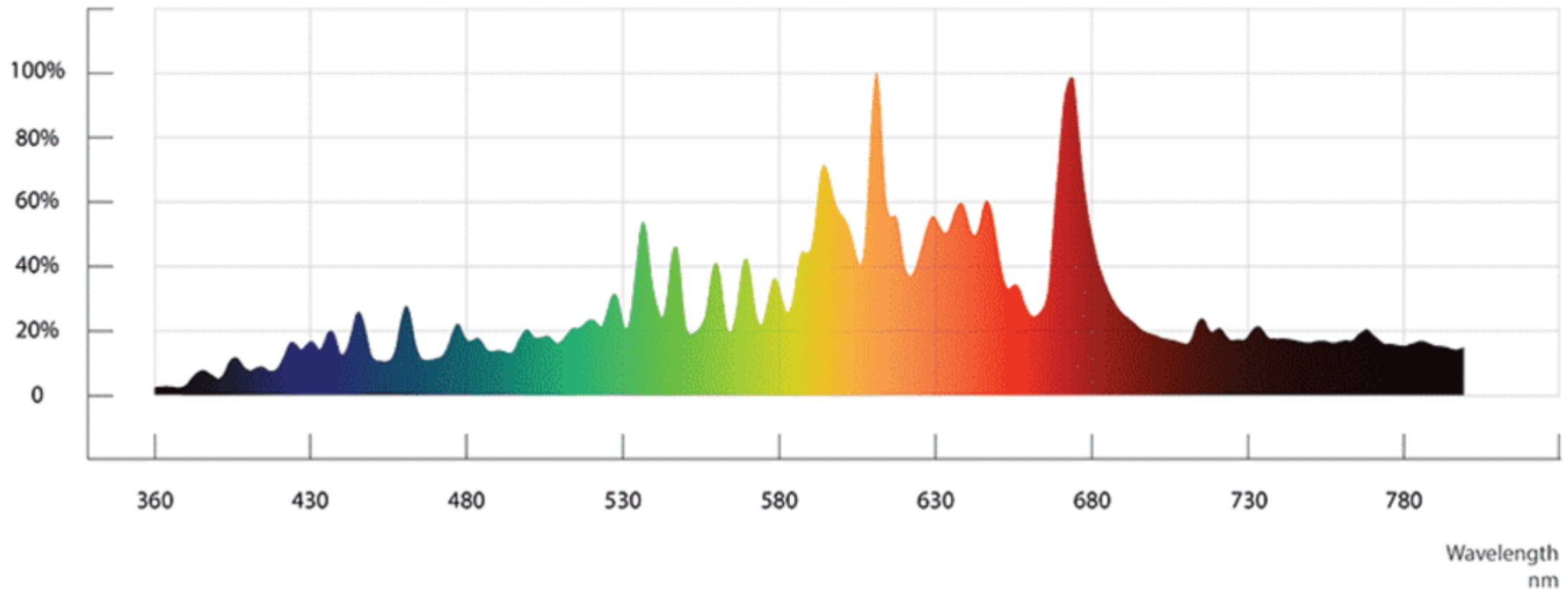


COMPARISON OF PHOTOMETRIC OUTPUT: CMH

SPECTRAL POWER DISTRIBUTION CHART
Ceramic Metal Halide



Measurements of Normalized
Photosynthetic Photon Flux

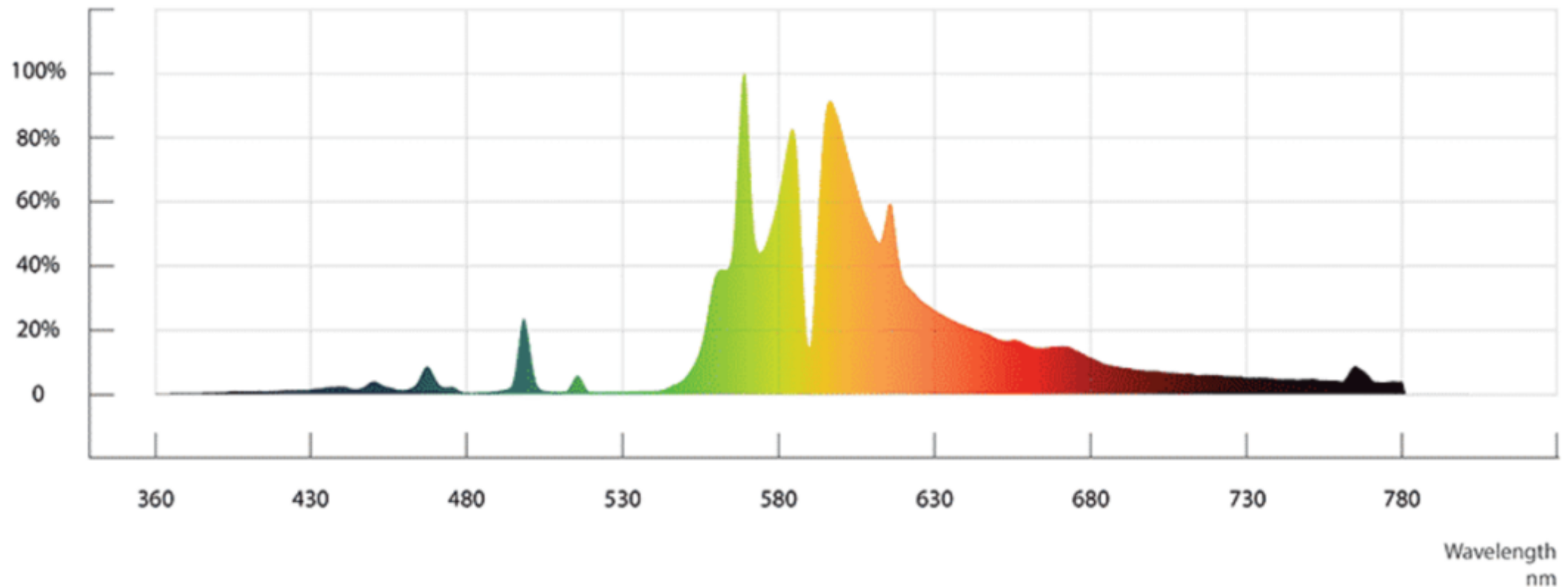


COMPARISON OF PHOTOMETRIC OUTPUT: HPS

SPECTRAL POWER DISTRIBUTION CHART
High Pressure Sodium



Measurements of Normalized
Photosynthetic Photon Flux

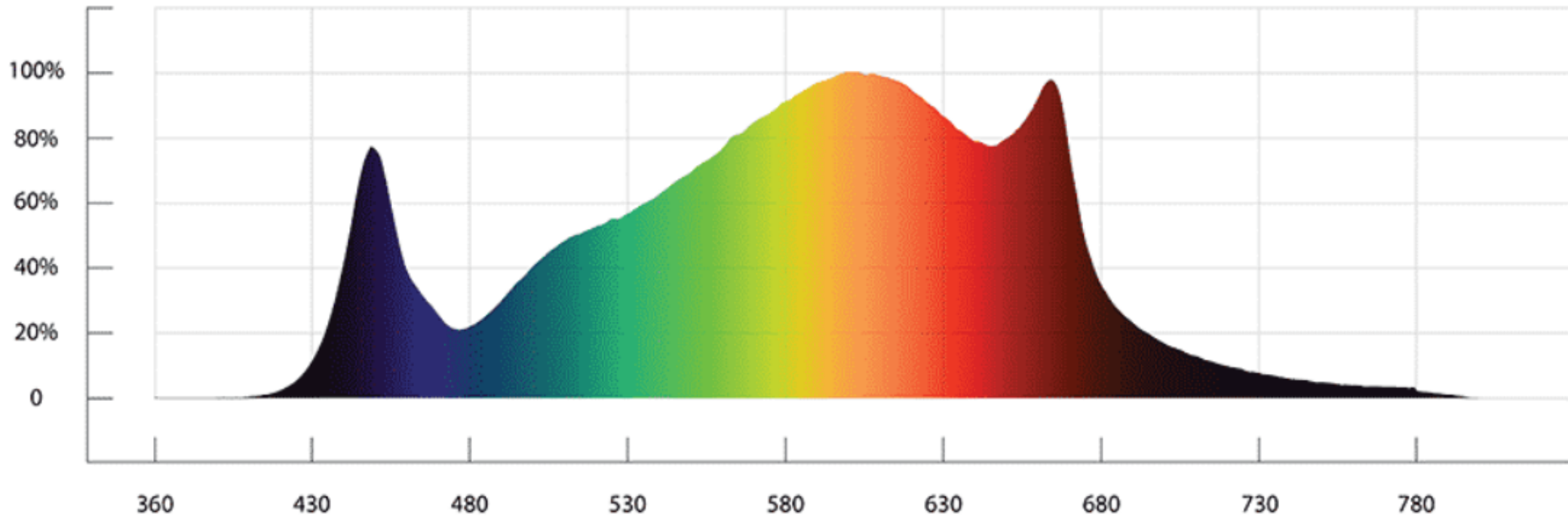


COMPARISON OF PHOTOMETRIC OUTPUT: LED

SPECTRAL POWER DISTRIBUTION CHART
PhysioSpec Indoor™



Measurements of Normalized
Photosynthetic Photon Flux



CUSTOMIZABLE*

Wavelength
nm

PPF: PHOTONS EMITTED



Light emitted by a fixture

Varies widely depending on intended use

➤ 600–2,000

Should be reported in range bins along spectrum
($\mu\text{Mol/s}$)

PPFD: PHOTONS AT CANOPY



Light received by plants

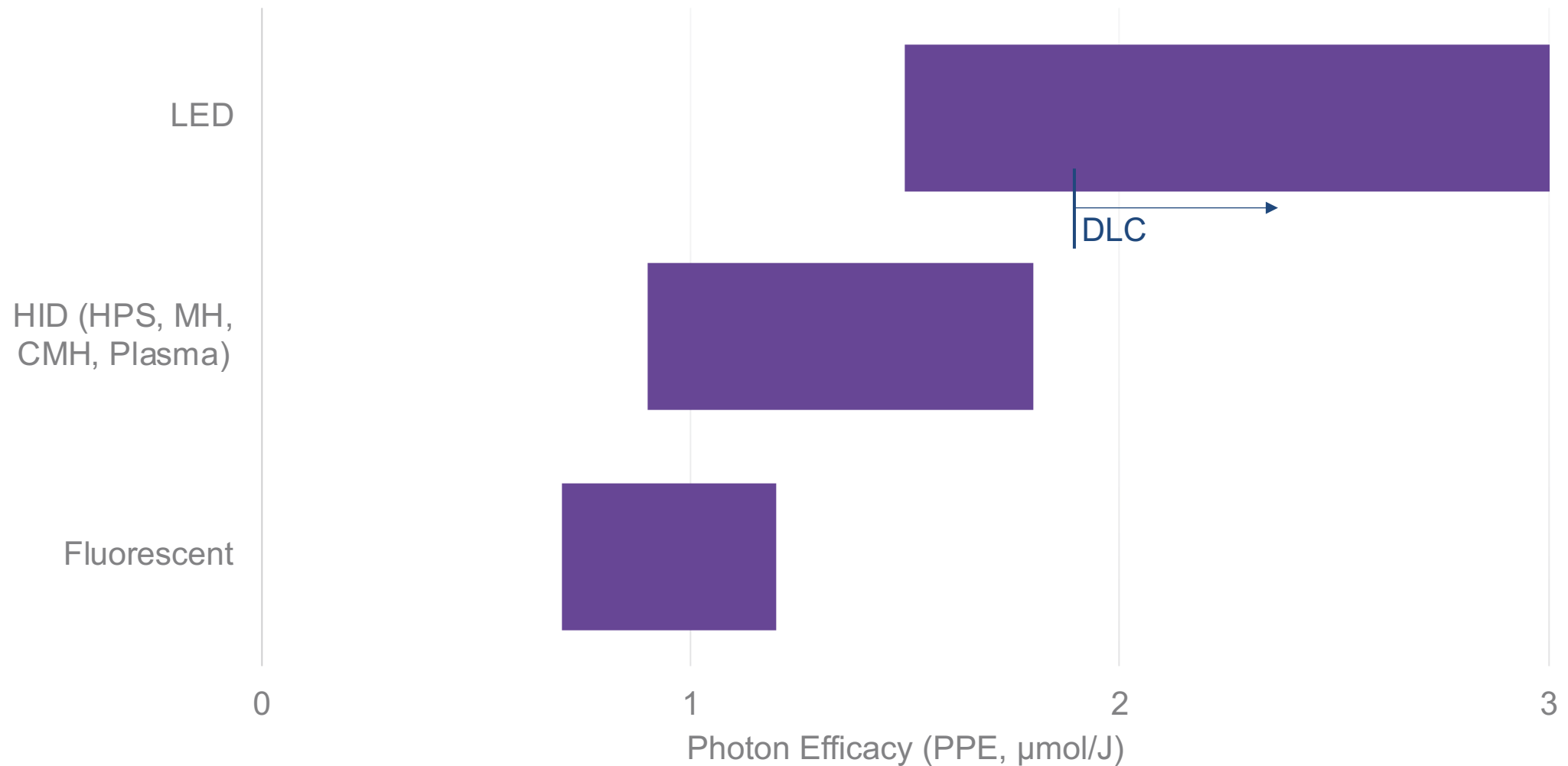
- Design requirements should be dictated in PPFD

Requirement varies by plant, growth phase, time in cycle

- Nursery <math><300 \mu\text{mol/s/m}^2</math>
- Vegetative growth $300\text{-}600 \mu\text{mol/s/m}^2$
- Flowering/fruiting $600\text{-}1000 \mu\text{mol/s/m}^2$

PPFD varies by fixture PPF, number of fixtures, mounting height, wall and ceiling reflectivity...

PPE: PHOTONS PER INPUT POWER





LED IMPACTS ON GROWING

<http://www.doctorgreenhouse.com/>

LEARNING CURVE



Key: Proactive Cultivator



Anecdotaly, 1 grow cycle to adjust



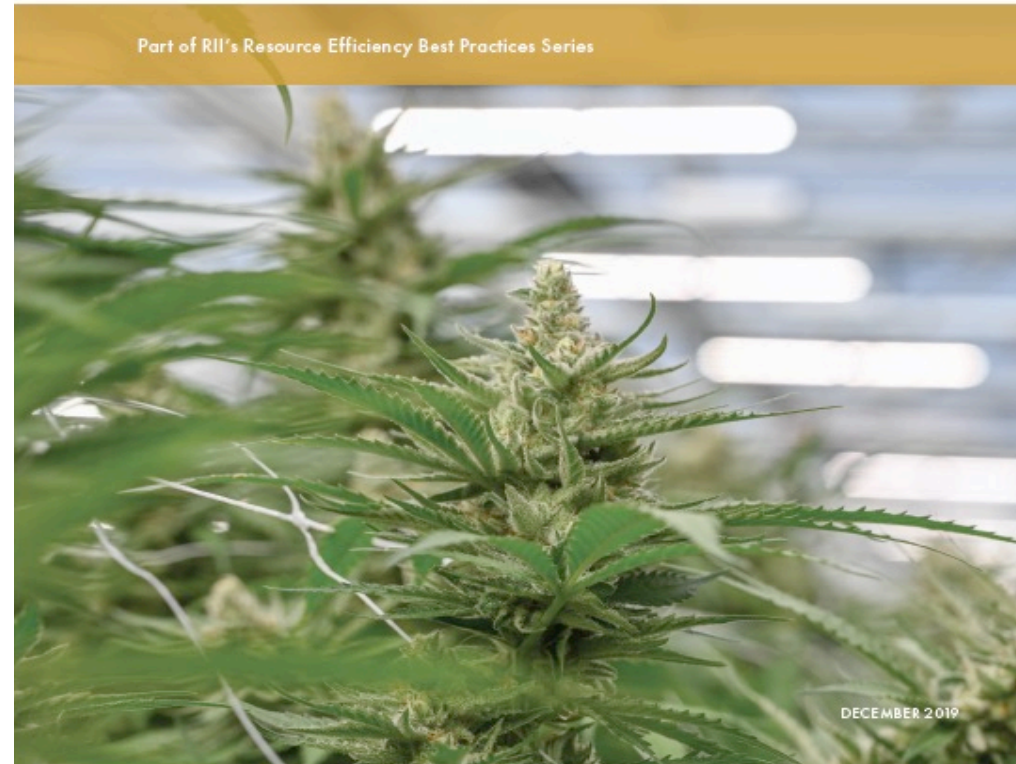
Anecdotaly, different or improved quality / flavor / cannabinoids



LED LIGHTING FOR CANNABIS CULTIVATION & CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT AGRICULTURE

BY GRETCHEN SCHIMELPFENIG, PE

Part of RII's Resource Efficiency Best Practices Series



DECEMBER 2019

RECONSIDER

- A** Watering rates
- B** Nutrient recipes, schedules
- C** Room air temperature, RH
- D** CO₂ levels



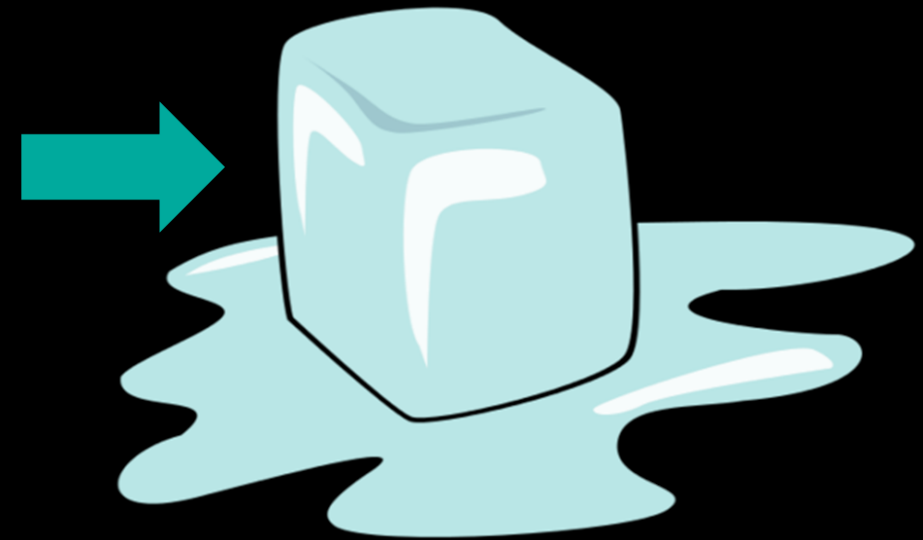
- <https://resourceinnovationinstitute.wildapricot.org/RII-REPORTS/>
 - <https://www.designlights.org/horticultural-lighting/>
 - <https://elibrary.asabe.org/>
 - https://assets.bouldercounty.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/05/EIOF-BC-Cultivation-Assessment-Summary-Report_Final-5_4_20.pdf
 - <https://zondits.com/?s=cannabis>
- Massachusetts Utilities Technical Assistance and Commissioning - ongoing
 - Massachusetts Cannabis Cultivation Facility Industry Standard Practice (ISP) study - ongoing
 - Efficiency (Nova Scotia) Cannabis Baseline Lighting Study - complete
 - California Title 24 Controlled Environment Horticulture CASE Calculations - ongoing

RESOURCES

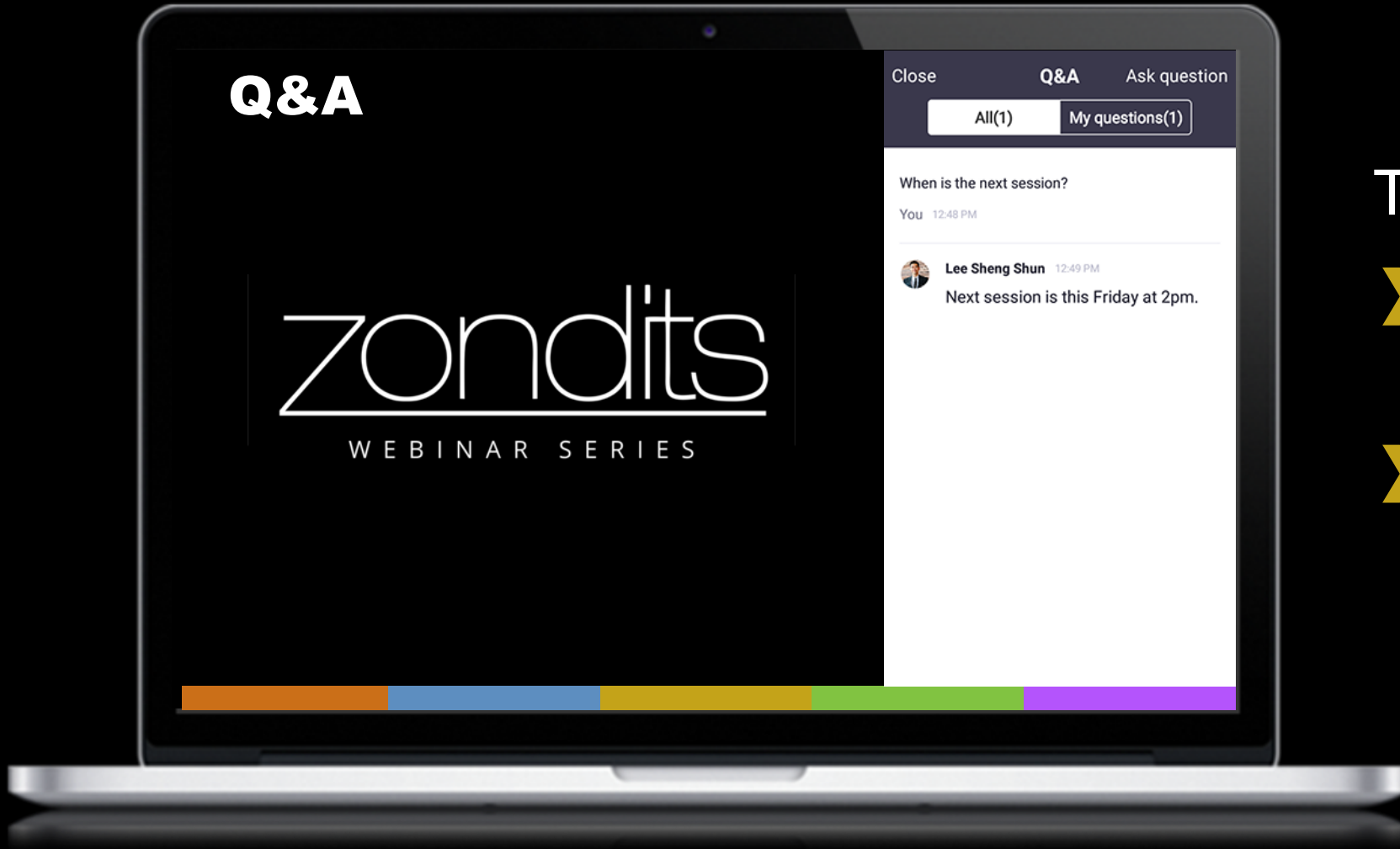
PART 2: HVAC FOR CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT AGRICULTURE – *ENERGY AND EFFICIENCY* AUGUST 19, 2020

- The need for environmental control
- HVAC loads in indoor and greenhouse facilities
- HVAC energy use and efficiency opportunities

$$+Q_{\text{heat}}$$
$$\Delta T = 0$$



Register for our August 19 webinar on HVAC for Controlled Environment Agriculture:
<https://bit.ly/30JM5VU>



To ask a question:

- Type your question into the Q&A box.
- Click Send.

THANK YOU FOR JOINING US TODAY!

Next Webinar:

6/24: Assessing Key Delivery Practices for Large C&I Program Success